

The Morning Intelligence.

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MISSING MEN OF YORKTOWN.

Dewey Cables That Ten of Them
are Prisoners at Insur-
gent Headquarters.

WERE FIFTEEN IN THE PARTY

Fears Entertained That the Other
Five Were Killed or Fa-
tally Wounded.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—The following cablegram has been received from Admiral Dewey:

MANILA, April 30.
Secretary Navy, Washington.

Apparently reliable information ten of the Yorktown crew, including Gilmore, are prisoners at insurgent headquarters. Am continuing investigation.

(Signed.) DEWEY.

Inasmuch as there were fifteen members of the Yorktown party captured by the Filipinos at Baler, and Admiral Dewey accounts for only ten of them, it is feared that the other five have been killed. They probably were killed or fatally wounded in the original assault upon the landing party at Baler. The identity of the members of the party still unaccounted for, is not known.

A telegram was sent to Admiral Dewey to-day asking him to inform the department if possible, of the names of the men known to be in the hands of the Filipinos. It is accepted at the department that the reason that he has not already furnished these names with the exception of that of Gilmore, is because he did not have the information. The insurgent headquarters where Admiral Dewey says the men are held prisoners is supposed to be San Fernando, but there is no assurance on that point.

Aid for American Prisoners.

MANILA, May 2, 3:25 a. m.—General MacArthur has sent officers to General Antonio Luna, the Filipino commander, under a flag of truce, carrying money and provisions for American prisoners in his hands and asking an exchange of prisoners and the names of such as he may have.

It is reported that the insurgents have two officers and sixteen others; and it is supposed that among these are Lieutenant J. G. Gilmore and eleven men of the crew of the United States ship Yorktown who fell into the hands of the Filipinos last month when the gunboat visited Baler, on the east coast of Luzon.

PHILIPPINE COMMISSION.

The Conference Between Them and Aguinaldo's Representatives.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—The state department has received a long report by cable from President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, of the conference that was held at Manila Saturday, between the members of the commission and the representatives of Aguinaldo. The text of the dispatch was not made public, but it was stated that Mr. Schurman's report agreed precisely with the Associated Press statement of the proceedings in the conference as cabled from Manila.

It is declared at the state department that the proclamation issued by the Philippine commission just before the beginning of the last campaign represents the maximum concessions to be made to the insurgents by the United States government. It is realized now more strongly than at any other time, that the capacity of the Filipinos for self-government is an undetermined question. The United States government is willing to accord the natives an opportunity to test their abilities for the Philippine commission proposes to allow them almost complete control of their local affairs, exercising only such supervision through the United States military as may be necessary to guard against the consequences of mistakes on the part of the native municipal and provincial officials in their first experiment at self-government.

The experiment is already in progress at some points in the Philippines outside the island of Luzon, where the United States authorities have hoisted the flag and assumed sovereignty, but have continued the local government under native direction. So far, the reports indicate, the experiments are working well, and promise to have a good influence in shaping the attitude towards the United States of a considerable element among the Filipinos which has been suspicious of our intentions.

CAPT. ROCKEFELLER MISSING.

Believed to Have Lost his Course and
was Captured by Filipino.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The following is the dispatch of General Otis announcing the disappearance of Captain Rockefeller:

MANILA, May 1.

Adjutant General, Washington:

Captain Rockefeller, Ninth Infantry, missing since 25th ultimo; on line commanding battalion near Calapan; visited outpost at 8:30 p. m.; not seen since. Diligent search made that night two miles to front; nothing discovered; no enemy in front. Search prosecuted ever since without success. Private papers in his possession found 29th ultimo, two and one-half miles to the front. Belief lost his course and captured.

Captain Charles M. Rockefeller entered the army as a private in the Seventh New York, in 1861. He served through the Civil war, reaching the rank of first lieutenant of volunteers. He became a second lieutenant in the Ninth Infantry in 1877 and has been with that regiment ever since. He has always been known as a good soldier, and was a graduate of the Infantry and Cavalry schools. He was well up in the list of captains, and would have received a major's commission in a short time.

General Lawton Advancing.

MANILA, May 2.—Major General Lawton is advancing. He has organized a band of forty scouts to go ahead of the column. The band which is under W. M. Young, an old Indian fighter, who killed five Filipinos last week, includes Diamond, Harrington, Somerville and Murphy, of the Second Oregon regiment.

Yesterday, the anniversary of the

battle of Manila Bay, was observed by the United States fleet, the usual drills being omitted.

GERMAN PRESS

On the Latest News From the Philippine Islands.

BERLIN, May 1.—The newspapers of Germany commenting upon the latest news from the Philippine Islands, express the hope that the United States will now end the hostilities in the far east. The Frankfurter Zeitung says:

"We trust that President McKinley and his advisers will be misled by flimsy shoutings, but that they will listen to the voice of the nation as expressed through their leaders and to the voice of the American press and the declarations of sober-minded politicians. We have never doubted the ability of the Americans to enforce their will in their Philippines, but now it seems that the moment has come to make good the wrong done and bring their material interests in accord with the dictates of justice."

The Vossische Zeitung, basing its comment upon private advices from the Philippine Islands, says that the continuance of the war is inflicting grave injury upon German commercial interests, and details a number of cases in support of this assertion. The journal last quoted says that the German consul at Hilo made a list of everything belonging to German citizens there was destroyed or injured in the bombardment, and submitted it to Major General E. S. Otis. In reply the consul has received from General Otis the statement that the United States will not pay the damages claimed, as Hilo at the time of the bombardment was still in possession of the Spaniards. Other German merchants of Hilo who made representations of a like character to General Otis received similar replies.

The Vossische Zeitung adds that these and many more claims will probably lead to protracted diplomatic negotiations at Washington.

LAST MOVE

In Negotiations Terminating the War With Spain.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The last move in the negotiations terminating the war with Spain occurred to-day, when Secretary Hay paid to the French ambassador, M. Cambon, the \$20,000,000 provided for by the treaty of peace for the cession of the Philippines. The payment was made in four treasury warrants of \$5,000,000 each, and was received by M. Cambon as completely liquidating the obligation of the United States in this connection. The ambassador deposited the \$20,000,000 in the Riggs National Bank of this city, and the cashing of the warrants is expected to be made later through the City National Bank of New York. The Spanish government was notified by cable of the payment, but nothing will be done as to forwarding the funds to Europe until Spain directs the exact course to be pursued.

Fatally Shot.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., May 1.—Benjamin Adkins was fatally shot by John Shelton, on Madison creek, this county, this evening. The charge of buckshot in both barrels of a shot gun were emptied into Adkins' body. Both men are of families highly respected, and have numerous kinsmen, and it is probable that an ugly feud may be inaugurated. Shelton attempted to escape to Ohio, but was caught near this city by Constable Eliza Adkins, cousin of the wounded man.

Wheeling Man Sentence.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

STEUBENVILLE, O., May 1.—Lewis R. Marsland, a former resident of Wheeling, was given a seven years' penitentiary sentence here to-day, having been convicted of shooting with intent to wound. Marsland in company with two others, stopped off here en route to Scioto river and went to the house of Leonard Anderson, on Church street, mistaking the house for another, and when Anderson ordered them away, Marsland shot him in the leg. He was ably defended by Colonel Annett.

Prominent Citizen Dead.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

PARSONS, W. Va., May 1.—Yesterday, at noon, Phillets Lipscomb died of paralysis, at this place, in his sixty-first year, being born in September, 1838. Mr. Lipscomb was a highly respected gentleman. He served two terms as prosecuting attorney from 1880 to 1888. He was the nominee of the Republican party for the legislature in this district last year, and but for the county seat fight in Randolph doubtless would have been elected.

Judgment for \$2,000.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 1.—When the revenue cutter Hudson was built by John Darlock & Son, shipbuilders at Philadelphia, six years ago, the Ward boiler company of the city furnished her boilers under a contract which called for the payment of \$2,000. Part of this could not be collected. Suit was brought and a judgment for the amount of \$2,000 has just been obtained.

Pardoned by the Governor.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 1.—Governor Atkinson to-day granted a pardon to Henry Parker, convicted in Boone county in 1897, of shooting B. F. Hall, and sentenced to five years' confinement in the penitentiary. The pardon was recommended by all the officials who participated in the trial of this case. Parker is dying of consumption.

Rush for Charters.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 1.—To-day was the first day of the charter year in this state, and fifty charters were issued. The accumulation on May 1 is an annual occurrence, due to the fact that corporations are required to pay an annual license tax of \$50, no matter at what time of the year the charter is issued. As a result there is always a slump in April, followed by a rush in May.

State Finances.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 1.—The monthly report of State Treasurer Kendall for April, shows a balance in the treasury May 1, of \$1,027,075, distributed among the different funds as follows: State fund, \$480,549.50; general school fund, \$300,151.11; the school fund, \$347,204.53. The receipts for the month were \$155,561.27; disbursements, \$258,912.65.

Congressman Dayton's Address.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

PARSONS, W. Va., May 1.—Hon. A. G. Dayton delivered a splendid address on Odd Fellowship to a large audience here, yesterday. The occasion was the celebration of the anniversary of the Odd Fellows. The church was beautifully decorated.

DEWEY DAY IS CELEBRATED

In Many Cities—Anniversary of
the American Fleet's Victory
in Manila Bay.

TWO HEROES OF THE FIGHT

Entertained by the Essex Club of
Boston, Together With Sec-
retary of the Navy Long.

BOSTON, May 1.—The Essex Club celebrated Admiral Dewey's victory with a banquet at Young's Hotel to-night, at which were entertained as guests Secretary of the Navy John D. Long and two heroes of the Manila fight, Captain Wildes, of the Boston, and Lieutenant Commander Reese, formerly executive officer of the Olympia, beside Commander James R. Selfridge, formerly of the Puritan, and Lieutenant Commander F. A. Wilmer, of the Monadnock.

It was hoped that Captain Robley D. Evans, of the Iowa, might be present, but at the last moment he sent word that he was detained in Washington.

Secretary Long began his speech with a eulogy of Admiral Dewey and then paid a graceful tribute to the officers and men of the navy. The greater part of his speech was a defense of the national administration's Philippine policy.

PHILADELPHIA CELEBRATES

Dewey day With Imposing Pomp and Ceremony.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—"Dewey Day" was celebrated in this city with imposing pomp and ceremony, and much decoration. Governor Stone, by proclamation, made the occasion a holiday in this state on the recommendation of the legislature. He is not invested with the power to make the event continuous, so greater efforts were extended to render the exercises the more auspicious. Public institutions were open for business as usual.

The most important event of the day was the naval parade on the Delaware river, which was reviewed by naval and civic dignitaries. The cruiser Raleigh was the chief object of interest.

All the vessels to participate in the pageant at a signal from the navy yard started from a point a short distance below League Island. The parade proceeded up the east side of the river, passing the Raleigh, Captain Coghlan reviewing the procession from the bridge of the warship. As the head of the procession reached the Raleigh the gallant little cruiser fired the national salute, and then until the last vessel in the parade had re-passed her on the west side of the river the salutes from the Raleigh were almost continuous.

DEWEY DAY

At Pittsburgh—Reception to Members of the Raleigh Crew.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 1.—Dewey day is being celebrated by special exercises in the schools and by a reception to the members of the Raleigh crew who are here to attend the mass meeting scheduled for to-night at Old City hall. The city is gallantly decorated in honor of Dewey.

An immense crowd assembled at Old City hall to-night when addresses appropriate to the occasion were made by Congressman John Dulzell and other, interspersed with musical selections. The star attraction, however, was the presence of the three sailors from the Raleigh, Chief Yeoman R. W. Phillips, Yeoman G. H. Price, Gunner's Mate Jack Labelle.

The men were given a hearty welcome and the address made by Yeoman Phillips was received with great enthusiasm. After the meeting the sailors were banqueted. Besides the meeting at Old City hall numerous other events of a festive nature took place throughout the two cities.

President Congratulates Dewey.

NEW YORK, May 1.—While at the navy yard President McKinley sent the following cablegram to Admiral Dewey:

"Dewey, Manila:

"On this anniversary of your great victory the people of the United States unite in an expression of affection and gratitude to yourself and the brave officers and men of your fleet whose brilliant achievements marked an epoch in history, and which will live in the annals of the world's heroic deeds.

"WILLIAM McKINLEY."

Socialists Celebrate May Day.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Six thousand Socialists assembled in Union Square to-night to celebrate May Day. They came with flags, banners, transparencies and bands of music, and after a lengthy parade passed in review before the balcony of the cottage at Union Square. conspicuous in the parade were about 150 women, members of the Working Women's Association of the Socialist party. The stars and stripes were in evidence, but they were greatly overshadowed by the banners of red, some of them simply red, without design or lettering.

Marriages in Cuba.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, May 1.—It is pointed out that a curious result of Major General Wood's announcement that the marriage ceremony of all religious sects are legal, may be the temporary legalization of polygamy. In any event there were some 3,000 "irregular" marriages in this province during the war and as there are no marriage laws except those of the Roman Catholic church the new order insures the legitimation of the offspring of such marriages.

Anglo-Russian Agreement.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 1.—The Anglo-Russian agreement, with reference to spheres of influence in China, is not in the form of a convention, but is set forth in a note, duplicates of which have been exchanged between the Russian minister for foreign affairs, Count Muraviev, and the British ambassador to Russia, Right Hon. Charles S. Scott. The preamble states that both countries agree to uphold the integrity and independence of the Chinese empire.

AMERICAN INTERESTS

At Bluefields, Nicaragua, in an Unsatisfactory Condition.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—Advices received here from Bluefields, Nicaragua, indicate that the situation there so far as American interests are concerned, is extremely unsatisfactory and discouraging. It is being impressed upon the officials here that persons high in the Nicaraguan government are purporting to push the American business interests, now of considerable magnitude in the Mosquito country. The reports are to the effect that ever since the Clarence rebellion some years ago, the Nicaraguan government has been jealous of the growing importance of the American settlements and the Reyes rebellion recently seems to have confirmed it in the determination to destroy the American influence in that section. The Nicaraguans hold the American merchants responsible for Reyes' rebellion. They have consequently determined, according to reports received here to impose upon these American merchants the entire expense to which the government was put in representing the rebellion, amounting to about \$600,000. This could not be done directly without a breach of international law, hence the attempt was made to collect a large part of it through a demand upon the merchants for a second payment upon imports paid to the de facto government of Bluefields while Reyes was in possession of the place. The reports show that this government of Reyes was actually de facto in the full sense of the term. In proof of this it is shown that Estrada, the Nicaraguan governor of the place sought and was given refuge in the United States consular agency. Also the government of Reyes on imports were collected for Reyes by the Nicaraguan who had held the place for the past three years.

The American interests in Bluefields now aggregate fully \$2,500,000 in gold and the state department is determined that they shall be protected against the proposed extortion, so that interesting news is expected at any moment in view of a United States man of war there, the Detroit, to execute the orders of the department.

NATIONAL FINANCES.

Public Debt Statement for the Month of April.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The monthly statement of the public debt, issued to-day, shows that at the close of business April 29, 1899, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$1,172,587,264, an increase during the month of \$2,081,701. This is accounted for by the payment of \$20,000,000 to Spain in settlement of treaty obligations.

The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest-bearing debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,216,290; debt-bearing interest, \$335,447,727. Total, \$1,451,737,797. This amount does not include \$55,632 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash on hand. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Gold, \$78,955,254; silver, \$507,648,792; paper, \$44,851,406; bonds, deposits in national banks, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$5,822,064. Total, \$1,336,477,516. Against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$654,037,254, which leaves a net cash balance in the treasury of \$682,440,262.

Dolliver's Plan.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Representative Dolliver, of Iowa, who is pushing General Henderson for speaker of the house of representatives, to succeed Mr. Reed, to-day, in an interview, said that Mr. Sherman, of New York, in his opinion, would win unless the western congressmen united on a candidate and that consequently when he reached Chicago shortly he would suggest to Representative Hopkins, of Illinois, and other western candidates, that the western men enter into an agreement to vote for the western speaker candidate receiving the highest number of votes on the first ballot.

SAMOAN REBELS

Retire From Their Fortifications—No Further Serious Fighting.

APIA, Samoan Islands, April 22. Via AUCLAND, May 1.—The rebels since advised under date of April 18, have retired from their fortifications at Vailima, which they demolished, together with other forts along the coast.

There has been no further serious fighting, although some skirmishing between the rebels and friendly natives has occurred in the vicinity of Apia. The British armed ship Torch has arrived with ammunition from Sydney, N. S. W.

President Returns to Washington.

NEW YORK, May 1.—President McKinley spent a quiet evening at the Manhattan hotel and left this city at 10 o'clock for a special Pennsylvania railroad train in Jersey City, which left for Washington at midnight. The President rode as soon as he got aboard the special train. The party, as it left for Washington, consisted of the President and Mrs. McKinley, Assistant Secretary Cortelyou, Dr. Rixey, stenographer Foster and several servants. Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley accompanied the party to the train.

Killed in a Prize Fight.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 1.—Frank Martin, better known as "Young James," and Frank McHenry, both of Albany, were to go ten rounds as a preliminary at the Whitehall Athletic Club this city, to-night. In the third round Martin received a terrible right over the heart. He dropped to his knees and was counted out. He never regained consciousness and died before medical aid could be procured. The principals all local men were arrested and will be arraigned to-morrow morning.

Giant Passenger Engine.

CHICAGO, May 1.—The heaviest passenger engine ever built was put in service on the Burlington road to-day out of Chicago. The locomotive weighs 127 tons, being just one ton heavier than the largest engine in service before which was owned by the Boston & Maine road. The driving wheels of the Burlington's new giant are seven feet in diameter. It has a water capacity of 5,000 gallons and will haul a train weighing 350 tons.

Tin Plate Workers' Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., May 1.—The annual convention of the Tin-plate Workers' International Protective Association, convened here to-day in secret session, with every local union represented. The report of the scale committee will not be made public until after the conference between the wage committee and the American Tin-plate Company on a date to be named later. The conference will probably be held in Chicago.

INDIAN POLICE HAVE TROUBLE

With Indians of St. Regis Reservation who Want to Elect
Chiefs in Their own Way.

AMERICANS ENCOURAGE THEM

In Defying the Dominion Authorities—Ringleader Shot Dead
by the Commissioner.

CORNWALL, Ont., May 1.—The St. Regis Indian reservation, on the south side of the St. Lawrence, about six miles east of here, was the scene of a fatal affray this morning, between a detachment of Dominion police, sent from Ottawa, and the Indians. Jake Ice was instantly killed and two other Indians were wounded.

A large proportion of the Indians of St. Regis village and St. Regis Island object to the election of chiefs for terms of three years, under the Indian act, and are determined to stick to their old tribal system of life chiefs. In this stand they are encouraged by the Indians of the adjoining American reservation, who, like the Canadian Reds, are a branch of the great Ironsides tribe. Three times the Indians have by force prevented the holding of an election, the last time on March 27 last, when they attacked Inspector Hogan and Officer Chamberlain, of the Dominion police, and kept Indian Agent Long a prisoner for several hours. This morning a detachment of half a dozen officers arrived at St. Regis to arrest the leaders of the riot.

They first captured Joseph Thomas and Archie Borbono on St. Regis Island. At St. Regis village they arrested Jake Fire and Louis Thomas, but were surrounded by a mob of Indians, who attempted to rescue the prisoners. The light that followed Jake Ice was shot dead by Commissioner Sherwood, another Indian had his head cracked with the butt of a revolver and a third was wounded in the shoulder. The officers succeeded in getting their prisoners away, and took them to Benhurst, Quebec. Ice was locked upon as the worst Indian in the tribe. Only a short time ago he was accused of an attempt to murder his wife. He was about fifty years old, and in his younger days was a great athlete and a crasse player. Sherwood surrendered himself to the authorities at Huntington, Quebec. He claims that he killed Ice in self-defense.

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA

United To Preserve Integrity of the Chinese Empire.

LONDON, May 1.—The Marquis of Salisbury, prime minister and minister of foreign affairs, and A. J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury, announced to-day in the house of lords and in the house of commons respectively, the general drift of the Anglo-Russian agreement regarding the spheres of influence of the governments of Great Britain and Russia in China as they have already been made known. Lord Salisbury said he hoped Russia would consent to the publication of the text of the agreement when it arrived in a few days. His lordship emphasized his anxiety not to appear to attach exaggerated importance to the agreement, stipulations of the agreement, adding:

"But, of course, I attach very great importance to the signing of this agreement, because it is a sign of the good feeling so desirable between the governments of Russia and England."

His lordship further expressed the hope that the good feeling thus illustrated would extend to the people of the two nations. This agreement, he said, was valuable as preventing the possibility of a collision between the two governments in China, "and therefore," he said, "it is a guarantee of the future agreement for a long time to come. I trust that it will lead to future agreement on other matters."

ITALIAN MAFIA

Accused of Attempting to Murder Two of Their Countrymen.

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 1.—The police are investigating what appears to be an attempted murder by Italian Mafia in Steelton last night.

Antonio and Frank De Rega, Italians, were found lying in front of the residence of Mr. Marsico, in Steelton, severely stabbed. Owing to the loss of blood they were too weak to rise. The men told conflicting stories. Antonio started to tell the officer who did it but owing to so many people being around he could not be induced to give full particulars concerning the affair.

Antonio was suffering from a very serious wound in the left side. In the region of the heart, caused by a stab, while his brother Frank had twelve stabs in his body, some of which were very severe. The men were refused admission into the Italian houses in the vicinity, and were taken to the Harrisburg hospital. The presence of a number of strange Italians in Steelton strengthens the theory that the De Regas were marked as victims of the Mafia.

Laurel Hill Mountain Fire.

GREENSBURG, Pa., May 1.—The annual forest fire scare has invaded the inhabited districts of Laurel Hill mountains. Fires are raging on the west side of the range and the indications are that the damage will be far greater than the destructive fires of last spring when several hundred acres of the most valuable timber in the region was destroyed. The fire started a few days ago and during last night the flames spread at an alarming rate and a big tract of young timber located two miles east of New Florence, was destroyed. This morning the course of the flames indicated disaster to a number of buildings. Residents of the range are preparing for a vigorous battle against the flames to-morrow morning.

Youthful Suicide.

TRENTON, N. J., May 1.—Gracie Miller, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Morgan B. Miller, a farmer living near Trenton, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. No reason is known for the girl's act except a naturally despondent disposition.

Ohio Falls Into Line.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 1.—The Ohio Insurance Department has fallen into line with Alabama, Vermont, Illinois, Missouri and Iowa, and has issued circulars stating that hereafter the department "will not require insurance

companies doing business in this state to furnish revenue stamps to be placed on instruments, which the laws of Ohio require the superintendent of insurance to execute for them, and for which they are taxed by the state."

FLOUR MILLING COMPANY.

Nineteen of Largest Concerns in the Country in the Trust.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 1.—The United States Flour Milling Company is the latest giant combination to thrust its head into the business world. Embracing nineteen of the largest concerns in the United States with a capital stock of \$25,000,000 it bids fair to take its place among the other great combines, which have sprung up with such rapidity during the past year.

The company was incorporated last week under the laws of New Jersey. Under its authority it will hereafter operate the following large concerns which have previously been recognized as among the most powerful independent milling concerns of the country:

New York City, Hecker Mill; Jones, Newell and Slater Island, Syracuse, Syracuse Mills and Baldwinville mills; Buffalo, Urban mills, Daisy Roller Mill Company and Daisy mill; Milwaukee, Lake Superior mill; Superior, Wis., Anchor mill, Listman mill and Grand Republic mill; West Superior, Freeman mill, Minnott mill; Duluth, Imperial mill, Kraus mill; Minneapolis, Excelsior mill, Standard, St. Anthony.

The aggregate daily capacity of these concerns reaches a total of 33,000 barrels.

Steel Combination.

NEW YORK, May 1.—It was reported in Wall street to-day that a conference had been held between representatives of the American Steel and Wire Company, the Federal Steel Company and the Carnegie Steel Company, and that everything pointed to an important move in the steel and iron industries. The report could not be confirmed, but it was learned that a meeting had been held between President Gates, of the American Steel and Wire Company, President Gerry, of the Federal Steel Company, and several other high officers of kindred corporations. Important developments are looked for before long.

Peanut Trust.

NEW YORK, May 1.—A consolidation of the peanut industry of the country, under the control of a single company, with a capital of \$5,000,000, is about to be effected.

Financial Legislation.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 1.—The national house of representatives caucus committee closed its sessions to-day. To an Associated Press reporter the chairman of the committee, Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, said: "The committee appointed by the Republican caucus of the house to recommend financial legislation, met at Haddon Hall, Atlantic City, on April 17, and have worked steadily and unceasingly for two weeks. To-day the committee reached unanimous agreement, and is ready to meet the Republican members of the senate to submit their views to the consideration of the joint conference. Until such meeting the work of the house committee will be withheld from publication."

Labor Troubles at Wardner.

WARDNER, Idaho, May 1.—There were no disturbances in the mining district to-day. Eleven men were seen from Wardner going over the mountains each with a rifle on his shoulder, but their identity or destination was not known. A considerable number of non-union men left on the train to-day and also a few strikers. Citizens are in dread of further outrages from now until the arrival of troops. State Auditor Bartlett Sinclair arrived here to-day as a representative of Governor Stuenkelberg. He is searching for evidence against the dynamiters, but cannot make much headway before the arrival of troops. James Cheyenne, wounded by dynamiters on Saturday, is not expected to live until morning.

Indiana Miners Strike.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 1.—Between 600 and 700 coal miners struck in Southern Indiana mines to-day. The strike was precipitated by the discharge of thirty union men near Evansville last week. The miners now demand pay on the same basis as in Central and Northern Indiana—65 cents for screened and 40 cents for unscreened coal. Three of the largest mines agreed to-day to the conference scale, and at the headquarters of